Representing the French Engineering Schools since 1976
Created in 1976, the Conference of Deans of French Schools of Engineering (CDEFI) is a non-profit organisation that represents all the deans of French Engineering Schools.

CDEFI is headed by one president and four vice-presidents. Its Board of Directors is named the Standing Committee and comprises 21 members.

Our missions

CDEFI is the local, national and international political and public voice of around 200 French Engineering Schools and Universities of Technology.

It supports higher education and research both in France and abroad by providing Engineering Schools a variety of services such as advocacy, policy recommendations, and project management. CDEFI promotes the training of engineers in France, Europe and throughout the world. Its role is to ensure that Engineering Schools can successfully achieve their mission of education, research and innovation, so that they can interact with the socio-economic world.

CDEFI advisory services include:

- offering day-to-day management support to the deans of Engineering Schools;
- publishing and disseminating research and strategic papers to its members;
- publicly advocating on all research and higher education topics;
- promoting engineering trainings and jobs in France and abroad;
- defending the interests of French Engineering Schools;
- organising and encouraging the exchange of ideas between members through workshops, seminars, and monthly meetings.
Our activities

CDEFI’s activities are organised in five commissions working on key topics: Student Guidance, Education, Research and Innovation, Europe and International, Resources and Staff Guidance and Ecological and Social Transition.

Other working groups focus on news: the French Baccalauréat reform, PhD, international skills, Schools’ business model, etc.

CDEFI also helps young people with their career orientation and professional integration, and more broadly promotes and supports the Schools’ activity through a variety of actions:

- the Ingénieuses initiative, which fights young women’s loss of interest in some engineering branches, promotes gender equality and struggles against stereotypes;

- the “Skills for business world” doctoral training course, whose purpose is to give PhD students operational skills to help them integrate private companies;

- the FITEC programmes (France IngénieursTEChnologie), international mobility programmes funded/financed by the French government and other partner countries (Brazil and Argentina). These programmes support higher education cooperation projects in the field of engineering;

- a data base of French Engineering Schools’ key figures that allows CDEFI to ensure its mission of representation and provides a better knowledge of the Schools’ activity;

- “Deviens ingénieur”, a website providing information and guidance to pupils and students who are interested in Engineering Schools and jobs.
Engineering Schools in French higher education: major providers of master-level trainings and jobs

Since the Bologna reform, the Engineering degree has become a master-level degree. It is one of the main master-level diplomas awarded in the fields of science and technology in France.

- 193,000 students in the French Engineering Schools, including 193,000 on engineering courses
- 46,700 students obtain the French engineering degree each year
- 21% of all master’s and master-level degrees are Engineering diplomas
- 2/3 of master-level degrees in science and technology are Engineering diplomas
- Around 95% of young graduates are employed four months after their graduation

Engineering Schools and international exchanges

Higher education is now global, as highlighted by the fact that foreign students account for more than 18% of the French Engineering Schools enrolments.

French Engineering Schools have been able to expand abroad due to their reputation for academic excellence. As a result, French Engineering degrees now enjoy global recognition.

- The French Engineering curriculum requires that students spend time studying in a foreign country. These study abroad programmes are generally done through partnerships with leading local universities.
- Many Engineering Schools also have campuses in other countries, such as China or North Africa. Most of the courses based abroad are established by bilateral governmental agreements or through partnerships with local institutions.
- 33 institutions located in 9 foreign countries can issue French accredited diplomas in Engineering.
Research in Engineering Schools

French Engineering Schools lead a high-level research activity that involves them in industrial innovation and contributes to create value.

- This research work is organised in projects that often expand into several fields and is led in partnership with socio-economic players.
- Half of the doctoral students who graduated in science and technology were in relation with an Engineering School during their PhD.
- 56% of all researchers working for a company are gratuated in engineering.
- CDEFI promotes the creation of doctoral trainings tied to companies and their need for innovation.

Schools open to all

- More than 1/3 of the French Engineering Schools’ students benefits from a need-based scholarship, making Engineering Schools open to all.
- 16% of graduated engineers followed an apprenticeship training, which is a powerful tool that fosters diversity among students.
- There are several and numerous ways of entering an Engineering School, all leading to the same diploma.
Contact us:
Conference of Deans of French Schools of Engineering
44, rue Cambronne
75015 Paris
FRANCE
Phone: +33 1 85 65 25 25
Email: contact@cdefi.fr
Website: www.cdefi.fr

https://www.linkedin.com/company/5323901/
https://twitter.com/Cdefi

www.cdefi.fr